SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product form : Mixture
Product name : 5100 Defoamer
Product code : Oil Base Defoamer
Product group : Commercial product

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Uses of the Substance / Mixture - Defoamer

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company
TW Graphics Group
3323 S. Malt Avenue
Commerce, CA 90040
T 323-721-1400
www.twgraphics.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency number : 800-424-9300
For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC – Day or Night

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Although OSHA has not adopted the environmental portion of the GHS regulations, this document may include information on environmental effects.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Aspiration hazard, Category 1 : H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2.2 Label elements
HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Pictogram :

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste plant.

2.3. Other hazards
- Slightly irritating to eyes.
- Does NOT present any particular fire hazard.
- Harmful or toxic vapors are released.
- Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. (Refer to the list of incompatible materials section 10: "Stability-Reactivity").

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances
- Not applicable, this product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures
- Synonyms OIL BASE DEFOAMER

Hazardous Ingredients and Impurities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Identification number CAS-No</th>
<th>Concentration [%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
<td>40 – 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-65-0</td>
<td>40 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>1 – 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Non Hazardous Ingredients and Impurities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Identification number CAS-No</th>
<th>Concentration [%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrophobic Silica</td>
<td>67762-90-7</td>
<td>5 – 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

03/31/2015  SDS REF: TWG-5100 DEFOAMER  Page 2
4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General advice**
- Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- First responder needs to protect himself.
- Place affected apparel in a sealed bag for subsequent decontamination.

**In case of inhalation**
- Negligible or unlikely exposure pathways
- If breathed in, move person into fresh air.
- Consult a physician if necessary.

**In case of skin contact**
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**
- Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
- If eye irritation persists, consult a physician.

**In case of ingestion**
- Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
- If victim is conscious:
  - Rinse mouth with water.
  - Keep at rest.
  - Do not give anything to drink.
  - Do not leave the victim unattended.
  - Vomiting may occur spontaneously
  - Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.
  - Lay victim on side.
  - Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Effects**
- Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease
- Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or bronchitis

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**
- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.
- Treat symptomatically.
- There is no specific antidote available.
- Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures
5100 DEFOAMER
Safety Data Sheet

Flash point  
>356 °F (180 °C)  
Pensky-Martens closed cup  
Flammability class: Will burn

Autoignition temperature  
no data available

Flammability / Explosive limit  
Lower flammability/explosion limit : 0.90 %(V)  
Upper flammability/explosion limit : 7.00 %(V)

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media  
- Extinguishing media - small fires  
- Dry chemical  
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
- Extinguishing media - large fires  
- Foam  
- Water mist

Unsuitable extinguishing media  
- Water  
- (burning material will float)

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire fighting  
- Under fire conditions:  
- Will burn  
- Container may explode if heated.

Hazardous combustion products:  
- On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolysis), releases:  
- Carbon oxides  
- Hydrocarbon residues  
- Silica

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters  
- Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

Specific fire fighting methods  
- Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Further information  
- Standard procedure for chemical fires.  
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.  
- Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Wear suitable protective equipment.
- For further information refer to section 8 "Exposure controls / personal protection."
- Caution
- If spilled, may cause the floor to be slippery.
- Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard.

6.2 Environmental precautions
- Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Dam up with sand or inert earth (do not use combustible materials).

Recovery
- Recover as much of the product as possible.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Shovel or sweep up.
- Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Decontamination / cleaning
- Wash with plenty of water and detergent.
- Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
- Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal.
- Decontaminate tools, equipment and personal protective equipment in a segregated area.

Disposal
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Additional advice
- Material can create slippery conditions.

6.4. Reference to other sections
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
7.1. Precautions for safe handling
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Freezing will affect the physical condition but will not damage the material. Thaw and mix before using.
- Avoid localized overheating.
- Vent drums while heating
- Homogenize before using.

Hygiene measures
- Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material:
  - 1) Do not store, use, and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored.
  - 2) Wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics, or using the toilet.
  - 3) Wash exposed skin promptly to remove accidental splashes or contact with material.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage conditions
- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Stable under normal conditions.
- Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Keep away from incompatible materials to be indicated by the manufacturer.
- Keep away from: Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. (Refer to the list of Incompatible materials section 10: "Stability-Reactivity").

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Recommended storage temperature: < 104 °F (< 40 °C)

7.3. Specific end use(s)
- no data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Introductory Remarks: These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Assistance with selection, use and maintenance of worker protection equipment is generally available from equipment manufacturers.

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace occupational exposure limits
## Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>ST</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
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<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
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<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
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<td></td>
<td>National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NIOSH IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
<td>2500 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-65-0</td>
<td>2500 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>3000 milligram per cubic meter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Control measures
Engineering measures
- Where engineering controls are indicated by use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure exists, the following traditional exposure control techniques may be used to effectively minimize employee exposures:
  - Effective exhaust ventilation system

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection
- When respirators are required, select NIOSH/MSHA approved equipment based on actual or potential airborne concentrations and in accordance with the appropriate regulatory standards and/or industrial recommendations.

Hand protection
- Recommended preventive skin protection
- Gloves
- Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Eye protection
- Eye and face protection requirements will vary dependent upon work environment conditions and material handling practices. Appropriate ANSI Z87 approved equipment should be selected for the particular use intended for this material.
- Eye contact should be prevented through the use of:
  - Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin and body protection
- Recommended preventive skin protection
- Footwear protecting against chemicals
- Impervious clothing
- Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures
- Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this materials:
  - 1) Do not store, use, and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored.
  - 2) Wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics, or using the toilet.
  - 3) Wash exposed skin promptly to remove accidental splashes or contact with material.

Protective measures
- Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Emergency equipment immediately accessible, with instructions for use.
- Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed,
conditions present, duration of use, and the potential hazards, and/or risks that may occur during use.

- The protective equipment must be selected in accordance with current local standards and in cooperation with the supplier of the protective equipment.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical and Chemical properties here represent typical properties of this product. Contact the business area using the Product information phone number in Section 1 for its exact specifications.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td>Mobile form, liquid state, off-white color</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
- no data available

10.2 Chemical stability
- Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization
- Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Keep away from flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Strong acids
- Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
- On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolysis), releases:
  - (Carbon oxides (CO + CO2)).
  - Hydrocarbon residues
  - Silica
- On oxidation, releases:
  - Formaldehyde

SECTION 11: Toxicological information
11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**

**Acute oral toxicity**
Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Acute inhalation toxicity**
Not classified as hazardous for acute inhalation toxicity according to GHS.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Acute dermal toxicity**
Not classified as hazardous for acute dermal toxicity according to GHS.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**
no data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified as irritating to skin
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified as irritating to eyes
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**
Does not cause skin sensitization.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Mutagenicity**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.
Product is not considered to be genotoxic.

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.
Product is not considered to be genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic**
category approach
The product is not considered to be carcinogenic.
Published data

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic**
Dermal
Expert judgment and weight of evidence determination.
The product is not considered to be carcinogenic.
Amorphous Silica

Rat, for males and females
Unpublished reports
Oral studies did not reveal any carcinogenic potential

Mouse, for males and females
Unpublished reports
Oral studies did not reveal any carcinogenic potential

This product does not contain any ingredient designated as probable or suspected human carcinogens by:

- NTP
- IARC
- OSHA

**Toxicity for reproduction and development**

**Toxicity to reproduction / fertility**
According to the data on the components
The product is not considered to affect fertility.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity**
According to the data on the components
The product is not considered to be toxic for development.
The product is not considered to be teratogenic.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**STOT**

**STOT-single exposure**
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**Aspiration toxicity**

fatal if
According to the data on the components, May be swallowed and enters airways., According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**

**Aquatic Compartment**

**Acute toxicity to fish**
The product itself has not been tested.
Acute toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.  

The product itself has not been tested.

Toxicity to aquatic plants  

The product itself has not been tested.

Chronic toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic category approach  

Fresh water  

Unpublished reports  

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Distillates (petroleum), solventdewaxed heavy paraffinic - 21 Days - Daphnia magna (Water flea) semi-static test  

Analytical monitoring: no  

Test substance: >100% saturated aqueous solution.  

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  

Fresh water  

Unpublished reports  

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

Biodegradability

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Ready biodegradability study:  

The substance does not fulfill the criteria for ready biodegradability and ultimate aerobic biodegradability category approach  

Unpublished reports

Distillates (petroleum), solventdewaxed heavy paraffinic Ready biodegradability study:  

The substance does not fulfill the criteria for ready biodegradability and ultimate aerobic biodegradability  

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  

Unpublished reports

Amorphous Silica  

Not applicable, mineral product

Degradability assessment

Conclusion is not possible due to incomplete or heterogeneous data on the components

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Distillates (petroleum), solventdewaxed heavy paraffinic Bioaccumulative potential

Expert judgment

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Amorphous Silica  

Not applicable internal evaluation
12.4 Mobility in soil

Known distribution to environmental compartments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Ultimate destination of the product</th>
<th>Predicted distribution to environmental compartments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>Sediment</td>
<td>Soil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica</td>
<td>Sediment</td>
<td>Air</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating, and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating, and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

Ecotoxicity assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

According to the data on the components.
The product does not have any known adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

According to the data on the components.
The product does not have any known adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested.
According to the classification criteria for mixtures.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
**Product Disposal**
- Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this MSDS incomplete, inaccurate or otherwise inappropriate. Please be advised that state and local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations. Consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

**Waste Code**
- Environmental Protection Agency
- Hazardous Waste – NO

**Advice on cleaning and disposal of packaging**
- Rinse with an appropriate solvent.
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

**DOT**
- not regulated

**TDG**
- not regulated

**NOM**
- no data available

**IMDG**
- not regulated

**IATA**
- not regulated

Note: The above regulatory prescriptions are those valid on the date of publication of this sheet. Given the possible evolution of transportation regulations for hazardous materials, it would be advisable to check their validity with your sales office.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Notification status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory Information</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States TSCA Inventory</td>
<td>On TSCA Inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>On the inventory, or in compliance with the</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
15.2. US State regulations

US. EPA EPCRA SARA Title III

SARA HAZARD DESIGNATION SECTIONS 311/312 (40 CFR 370)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard Category</th>
<th>Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fire Hazard</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity Hazard</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Health Hazard</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Health Hazard</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65)
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Section 302 Emergency Planning Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (40 CFR 355)
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

Section 302 Emergency Planning Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (40 CFR 355)
This material does not contain any components with a SARA 302 RQ.

Section 304 Emergency Release Notification Reportable Quantity (40 CFR 355)
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

15.3 State Regulations

US. California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)
WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-65-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) – Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>1 slight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>1 slight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instability or Reactivity</td>
<td>0 minimal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System (Paint & Coating)) - Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>1 slight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>1 slight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>0 minimal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPE</td>
<td>Determined by User; dependent on local conditions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information
- Product evaluated under the US GHS format.

Date Prepared: 03/31/2015

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- ST   STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
- TWA  8-hour, time-weighted average
- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- NTP National Toxicology Program
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. Such information is only given as a guidance to help the user handle, use, process, store, transport, dispose, and release the product in satisfactory safety conditions and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. It should be used in conjunction with technical sheets but do not replace them. Thus, the information only relates to the designated specific product and may not be applicable if such product is used in combination with other materials or in another manufacturing process, unless otherwise specifically indicated. It does not release the user from ensuring he is in conformity with all regulations linked to its activity.